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## Test Review: Transformations

1. Triangle STU is rotated $90^{\circ}$ counterclockwise about the origin to form triangle $A^{\prime} B^{\prime} C^{\prime}$.


Which statement is true?
A. The sum of the angle measures of triangle $S^{\prime} T^{\prime} U^{\prime}$ is $90^{\circ}$ more than the sum of the angle measures of triangle STU.
B. Each side length of triangle $S^{\prime} T^{\prime} U^{\prime}$ is $\frac{1}{2}$ the corresponding side length of triangle STU.
C. Each side length of triangle $S^{\prime} T^{\prime} U^{\prime}$ is 2 times the corresponding side length of triangle STU.
D. Triangle STU is congruent to triangle $S^{\prime} T^{\prime} U^{\prime}$.
2. Which representation of a transformation on a coordinate grid does not preserve congruence?
A. $(x, y) \rightarrow(x,-y)$
B. $(x, y) \rightarrow(x+10, y-4)$
C. $(x, y) \rightarrow\left(\frac{2}{5} x, \frac{2}{5} y\right)$
D. $(x, y) \rightarrow(y,-x)$
3. The coordinate grid shows a pentagon. The pentagon is translated 5 units to the left and 3 units up to create a new pentagon.


Which rule describes this transformation?
A. $(x, y) \rightarrow(x+3, y-5)$
B. $(x, y) \rightarrow(x-3, y+5)$
C. $(x, y) \rightarrow(x+5, y-3)$
D. $(x, y) \rightarrow(x-5, y+3)$
4. Quadrilateral PQRS is transformed according to the rule $(x, y) \rightarrow(x-7, y+3)$ to create quadrilateral $\mathrm{P}^{\prime} \mathrm{Q}^{\prime} \mathrm{R}^{\prime} \mathrm{S}^{\prime}$.


Which statement is true?
A. The side lengths of quadrilateral $P^{\prime} Q^{\prime} R^{\prime} S^{\prime}$ are 7 units longer than the corresponding side lengths of quadrilateral PQRS.
B. The angle measures of quadrilateral $P^{\prime} Q^{\prime} R^{\prime} S^{\prime}$ are greater than the corresponding angle measures of quadrilateral PQRS.
C. The angle measures of quadrilateral $P^{\prime} Q^{\prime} R^{\prime} S^{\prime}$ are equal to the corresponding angle measures of quadrilateral PQRS.
D. The side lengths of quadrilateral $P^{\prime} Q^{\prime} R^{\prime} S^{\prime}$ are twice the corresponding side lengths of quadrilateral $P Q R S$.
5. A transformation is applied to a figure to create a new figure. Which transformation does not preserve congruence?
A. A rotation of $180^{\circ}$ counterclockwise
B. Dilation by a scale factor of $\frac{2}{3}$
C. A translation 4 units to the right and 2 units down
D. A reflection across the $x$-axis
6. The coordinate grid shows parallelogram PRST.


Parallelogram PRST is rotated $90^{\circ}$ clockwise about the origin to create parallelogram $P^{\prime} R^{\prime} S^{\prime} T^{\prime}$. Which rule describes this transformation?
A. $(x, y) \rightarrow(y, x)$
B. $(x, y) \rightarrow(y,-x)$
C. $(x, y) \rightarrow(x,-y)$
D. $(x, y) \rightarrow(-x, y)$
7. The coordinates of the vertices of a quadrilateral are $A(2,4), B(2,8), C(6,8)$, and $D(8,4)$.


Quadrilateral ABCD is reflected across the $y$-axis to create quadrilateral $A^{\prime} B^{\prime} C^{\prime} D^{\prime}$. Which rule describes this transformation?
A. $(x, y) \rightarrow(y,-x)$
B. $(x, y) \rightarrow(-y, x)$
C. $(x, y) \rightarrow(x,-y)$
D. $(x, y) \rightarrow(-x, y)$
8. Triangle QRS was translated 4 units to the left and 7 units down. Which rule describes the translation that was applied to triangle QRS to create triangle $Q^{\prime} R^{\prime} S^{\prime}$ ?
A. $(x, y) \rightarrow(4 x, 7 y)$
B. $(x, y) \rightarrow(x-4, y+7)$
C. $(x, y) \rightarrow(-4 x,-7 y)$
D. $(x, y) \rightarrow(x-4, y-7)$
9. A figure is graphed on a coordinate grid as shown.


The figure is rotated $270^{\circ}$ clockwise with the origin as the center of rotation to create a new figure. Which rule describes this transformation?
A. $(x, y) \rightarrow(-x,-y)$
B. $(x, y) \rightarrow(-y, x)$
C. $(x, y) \rightarrow(-y,-x)$
D. $(x, y) \rightarrow(-x, y)$
10. Figure PRST is shown on the grid below.


What would be the coordinates of $P^{\prime}$ after a reflection over the $x$-axis?
A. $(4,4)$
B. $(4,-4)$
C. $(-4,4)$
D. $(-4,-4)$
11. $4 x-11=6 x-41$
13. $\frac{4}{5} x+3=\frac{1}{2} x-6$
12. $2 y+3=3 y+6$

